



## NATIONAL CURRICULUM HISTORY COVERAGE - KS1

Children should understand some of the ways in which we find out about the past and identify different ways in which it is represented.

- a. start to compare two versions of a past event;
- b. observe and use pictures, photographs and artefacts to find out about the past;
- c. start to use stories or accounts to distinguish between fact and fiction;
- d. explain that there are different types of evidence and sources that can be used to help represent the past.

u. exp	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	can be used to help represent the past.	Summer 1	Summer 2
l <del></del>		1 10 00 11111	Spring		
Y e a r 1	WHO AM I?	*Observe and use pictures, photographs and artefacts to find out about the past;  *Explain that there are different types of evidence and sources that can be used to help represent the past.	OUR WORLD	*Start to compare two versions of a past event;  *Observe and use pictures, photographs and artefacts to find out about the past;  *Start to use stories or accounts to distinguish between fact and fiction;  *Explain that there are different types of evidence and sources that can be used to help represent the past.	*Observe and use pictures, photographs and artefacts to find out about the past;  *Explain that there are different types of evidence and sources that can be used to help represent the past.
Y e a r 2	*Observe and use pictures, p to find out about the past; *Explain that there are differ and sources that can be used past.	rent types of evidence	*Observe and use pictures, photographs and artefacts to find out about the past; *Explain that there are different types of evidence and sources that can be used to help represent the past.	*Start to compare two versions of a past event;  *Observe and use pictures, photographs and artefacts to find out about the past;  *Start to use stories or accounts to distinguish between fact and fiction;  *Explain that there are different types of evidence and sources that can be used to help represent the	TREASURE ISLAND





		past.	
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Children should ask and answer questions, using other sources to show that they know and understand key features of events.

- a. observe or handle evidence to ask simple questions about the past;
- b. observe or handle evidence to find answers to simple questions about the past on the basis of simple observations;
- c. choose and select evidence and say how it can be used to find out about the past.

C. CIIC	Autumn 1	Autumn 2		Summer 1	Summer 2
.,		THE MAGIC TOYMAKER	Spring		
Y e a r 1	WHO AM I?	*Observe or handle evidence to ask simple questions about the past;  *Observe or handle evidence to find answers to simple questions about the past on the basis of simple observations;  *Choose and select evidence and say how it can be used to find out about the past.	OUR WORLD	*Observe or handle evidence to ask simple questions about the past;  *Observe or handle evidence to find answers to simple questions about the past on the basis of simple observations;  *Choose and select evidence and say how it can be used to find out about the past.	*Observe or handle evidence to ask simple questions about the past;  *Observe or handle evidence to ask simple questions about the past;  *Observe or handle evidence to find answers to simple questions about the past on the basis of simple observations;  *Choose and select evidence and say how it can be used to find out about the past.
Y e a r 2	*Observe or handle evidence about the past; *Observe or handle evidence simple questions about the p simple observations;	e to find answers to	*Observe or handle evidence to ask simple questions about the past;  *Observe or handle evidence to find answers to simple questions about the past on the basis of simple observations;  *Choose and select evidence and say how it can be used to find out about the past.	*Observe or handle evidence to ask simple questions about the past;  *Observe or handle evidence to find answers to simple questions about the past on the basis of simple observations;  *Choose and select evidence and say how it can be used to find out about the past.	TREASURE ISLAND





Pupils should develop an awareness of the past, using common words and phrases relating to the passing of time. They should know where the people and events they study fit within a chronological framework.

- a. sequence artefacts and events that are close together in time;
- b. order dates from earliest to latest on simple timelines;
- c. sequence pictures from different periods;
- d. describe memories and changes that have happened in their own lives;
- e. use words and phrases such as: old, new, earliest, latest, past, present, future, century, new, newest, old, oldest, modern, before, after to show the passing of time.

		Autumn 1 Autumn 2		Spring	Summer 1	Summer 2
	Υ	WHO AM I?	THE MAGIC TOYMAKER	OUR WORLD	TIME DETECTIVES	HOORAY! LETS GO ON
Chronological Understanding	e a r 1	*Sequence artefacts and			*Sequence artefacts and events that are close together in time;  *Order dates from earliest to latest on simple timelines;  *Sequence pictures from different periods;  *Describe memories and changes that have happened in their own lives;  *Use words and phrases such as: old, new, earliest, latest, past, present, future, century, new, newest, old, oldest, modern, before, after to show the passing of time.	*Sequence artefacts and events that are close together in time;  *Order dates from earliest to latest on simple timelines;  *Sequence pictures from different periods;  *Describe memories and changes that have happened in their own lives;  *Use words and phrases such as: old, new, earliest, latest, past, present, future, century, new, newest, old, oldest, modern, before, after to show the passing of time.
Olla	Υ	BUI	LDINGS	FROM A TO B	PEOPLE FROM THE PAST	TREASURE ISLAND
Sical	e a	*Sequence artefacts and even in time;	ents that are close together	*Sequence artefacts and events that are close together in time;	*Sequence artefacts and events that are close together	
	r 2	*Order dates from earliest to	o latest on simple timelines;	*Order dates from earliest to latest on simple	in time;	
	2	*Sequence pictures from dif	ferent periods;	timelines;	*Order dates from earliest to latest	
7		*Describe memories and cha	anges that have happened	*Sequence pictures from different periods;	on simple timelines;	
		in their own lives;		*Describe memories and changes that have	*Sequence pictures from different	
		*Use words and phrases suc	ch as: old, new, earliest, latest,	happened in their own lives;	periods;	





past, present, future, cer modern, before, after to si	ntury, new, newest, old, oldest, show the passing of time.	*Use words and phrases such as: old, new, earliest, latest, past, present, future, century, new, newest, old, oldest, modern, before, after to show the passing of time.	*Describe memories and changes that have happened in their own lives;  *Use words and phrases such as: old, new, earliest, latest, past, present, future, century, new, newest, old, oldest, modern, before, after to show the passing of time.	
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Pupils should identify similarities and differences between ways of life in different periods.

Children should choose and use parts of stories and other sources to show that they know and understand key features of events.

### Children can:

- a. recognise some similarities and differences between the past and the present;
- b. identify similarities and differences between ways of life in different periods;
- c know and recount episodes from stories and significant events in history;
- d. understand that there are reasons why people in the past acted as they did;
- e. describe significant individuals from the past.

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring	Summer 1	Summer 2
Υ	WHO AM I?	THE MAGIC TOYMAKER	OUR WORLD	TIME DETECTIVES	HOORAY! LETS GO ON
e a r 1		*Recognise some similarities and differences between the past and the present; *Identify similarities and differences between ways of life in different periods;		*Recognise some similarities and differences between the past and the present; *Identify similarities and differences between ways of life in different periods; *Know and recount episodes from stories and significant events in history;	*Recognise some similarities and differences between the past and the present; *Identify similarities and differences between ways of life in different periods;

Knowledge and Understanding of Events, People and Changes in the Past





			*Understand that there are reasons why people in the past acted as they did;  *Describe significant individuals from the past.	
Y	BUILDINGS	FROM A TO B	PEOPLE FROM THE PAST	TREASURE ISLAND
e a r 2	*Recognise some similarities and differences between the past and the present; *Identify similarities and differences between ways of life in different periods;	*Recognise some similarities and differences between the past and the present; *Identify similarities and differences between ways of life in different periods;	*Recognise some similarities and differences between the past and the present;  *Identify similarities and differences between ways of life in different periods;  *Know and recount episodes from stories and significant events in history;  *Understand that there are reasons why people in the past acted as they did;  *Describe significant individuals from the past.	TREASURE ISLAND

Pupils should use a wide vocabulary of everyday historical terms.

### Children can:

- a. show an understanding of historical terms, such as monarch, parliament, government, war, remembrance;
- b. talk, write and draw about things from the past;
- c. use historical vocabulary to retell simple stories about the past;
- d. use drama/role play to communicate their knowledge about the past.

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring	Summer 1	Summer 2
Υ	WHO AM I?	THE MAGIC TOYMAKER	OUR WORLD	TIME DETECTIVES	HOORAY! LETS GO ON
e		*Talk, write and draw about		*Show an understanding of	HOLIDAY
a		things from the past;		historical terms, such as monarch,	*Talk, write and draw about things
r		*Use drama/role play to		parliament, government, war,	from the past;
1		communicate their		remembrance;	*Use drama/role play to
		knowledge about the past.		*Talk, write and draw about things	communicate their knowledge

enting, Organising and Communicating





				from the past;  *Use historical vocabulary to retell simple stories about the past;  *Use drama/role play to communicate their knowledge about the past.	about the past.
e a r	P BUILDINGS  *Talk, write and draw about things from the state of the	om the past; *Talk, write and c e their knowledge past;	FROM A TO B Iraw about things from the play to communicate their the past.	*Show an understanding of historical terms, such as monarch, parliament, government, war, remembrance;  *Talk, write and draw about things from the past;  *Use historical vocabulary to retell simple stories about the past;  *Use drama/role play to communicate their knowledge about the past.	TREASURE ISLAND





# KS2 HISTORY - LKS2

# KS2 History National Curriculum

Children should understand how our knowledge of the past is constructed from a range of sources.

- a. look at more than two versions of the same event or story in history and identify differences;
- b. investigate different accounts of historical events and be able to explain some of the reasons why the accounts may be different.

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2		Spring	Summer
Y e ar 3	*Look at more than two versions of the same event or story in history and identify differences; *Investigate different accounts of historical events and be able to explain some of the reasons why the accounts may be different.	DO YOU LIVE AROUND HERE?	*Look at more than two versionand identify differences; *Investigate different accounts	ombs and treasures  In sof the same event or story in history  Is of historical events and be able to  In the accounts may be different	SAVING THE WORLD
Y e ar 4	ACTIV	E PLANET	CHOCOLATE	*Look at more than two versions of the same event or story in history and identify differences;  *Investigate different accounts of historical events and be able to explain some of the reasons why the accounts may be different	*Look at more than two versions of the same event or story in history and identify differences;  *Investigate different accounts of historical events and be able to explain some of the reasons why the accounts may be different





### UKS2

### **KS2 History National Curriculum**

Children should understand how our knowledge of the past is constructed from a range of sources.

- a. find and analyse a wide range of evidence about the past;
- b. use a range of evidence to offer some clear reasons for different interpretations of events, linking this to factual understanding about the past;
- c. consider different ways of checking the accuracy of interpretations of the past;
- d. start to understand the difference between primary and secondary evidence and the impact of this on reliability;
- e. show an awareness of the concept of propaganda;
- f. know that people in the past represent events or ideas in a way that may be to persuade others;
- g. begin to evaluate the usefulness of different sources.

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring	Summer 1	Summer 2
Υ	AD 900	THE GREAT THE BOLD AND THE BRAVE	MISSION TO MARS	WEATHER & CLIMATE	GOING GLOBAL
e a r 5	*Find and analyse a wide range of evidence about the past;  *Use a range of evidence to offer some clear reasons for different interpretations of events, linking this to factual understanding about the past;  *Consider different ways of checking the accuracy of interpretations of the past;  *Start to understand the difference between primary and secondary evidence and the impact of this onreliability;  *Begin to evaluate the usefulness of different sources.	*Find and analyse a wide range of evidence about the past; *Use a range of evidence to offer some clear reasons for different interpretations of events, linking this to factual understanding about the past; *Consider different ways of checking the accuracy of interpretations of the past; *Start to understand the difference between primary and secondary evidence and the impact of this on reliability; *Begin to evaluate the usefulness of different sources.	*Find and analyse a wide range of evidence about the past;		





Υ	TIME TUNNEL	MYTHS AND LEGENDS	WHAT A WONDERFUL WORLD	
a	*Find and analyse a wide range of evidence about the past;	*Find and analyse a wide range of evidence about		1
6	*Use a range of evidence to offer some clear reasons for different	the past;		1
	interpretations of events, linking this to factual understanding about the past;	*Consider different ways of checking the		i
	*Consider different ways of checking the accuracy of interpretations of the past;	accuracy of interpretations of the past;		
	*Start to understand the difference between primary and secondary evidence and the impact of this onreliability;			
	*Show an awareness of the concept of propaganda;			1
	*Know that people in the past represent events or ideas in a way that may be to persuade others;			
	*Begin to evaluate the usefulness of different sources.			j





Pupils should regularly address and sometimes devise historically valid questions about change, cause, similarity and difference, and significance.

Children should construct informed responses that involve thoughtful selection and organisation of relevant historical information.

- use a range of sources to find out about the past;
- b. construct informed responses about one aspect of life or a key event in the past through careful selection and organisation of relevant historical information;
- c. gather more detail from sources such as maps to build up a clearer picture of the past;
- d. regularly address and sometimes devise own questions to find answers about the past;
- e. begin to undertake their own research.

	Autumn 1	Autumn 1 Autumn 2 Spring			Summer
Year	FOOTPRINTS FROM THE PAST	DO YOU LIVE AROUND HERE?	TEMPLES TOMBS AI	ND TREASURES	SAVING THE WORLD
3	*Use a range of sources to find	*Gather more detail from	*Use a range of sources to find ou	it about the past;	
	out about the past;  *Construct informed responses about one aspect of	sources such as maps to build up a clearer picture of the past;	*Construct informed responses a key event in the past throu- organisation of relevant historical	gh careful selection and	
	life or a key event in the past through careful selection and		*Gather more detail from sources clearer picture of the past;	such as maps to build up a	
	organisation of relevant historical information;		*Regularly address and sometime find answers about the past;	s devise own questions to	
	*Gather more detail from sources such as maps to build up a clearer picture of the past;		*Begin to undertake their own re	search.	
	*Regularly address and sometimes devise own questions to find answers about the past;				
	*Begin to undertake their own research.				
Year	ACTIVE	PLANET	CHOCOLATE	EXPLORERS AND	SCAVENGERS AND SETTLERS
4				ADVENTURERS	*Use a range of sources to find out about the past;
				*Use a range of sources to find out about the past;	*Construct informed responses about one aspect of life or a key event in the past through careful selection and organisation of relevant historical information;
				*Construct informed	*Gather more detail from sources such as maps to build up a





	responses about one aspect of life or a key event in the past through careful selection and organisation of relevant historical information;  *Gather more detail from sources such as maps to build up a clearer picture of the past;  *Regularly address and sometimes devise own questions to find answers about the past;  *Begin to undertake their own research.	clearer picture of the past;  *Regularly address and sometimes devise own questions to find answers about the past;  *Begin to undertake their own research.	
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Pupils should regularly address and sometimes devise historically valid questions about change, cause, similarity and difference, and significance.

Children should construct informed responses that involve thoughtful selection and organisation of relevant historical information.

- recognise when they are using primary and secondary sources of information to investigate the past;
- use a wide range of different evidence to collect evidence about the past, such as ceramics, pictures, documents, printed sources, posters, online material, pictures, photographs, artefacts, historic statues, figures, sculptures, historic sites;
- select relevant sections of information to address historically valid questions and construct detailed, informed responses;
- d.

nvestigate their own lines of enquiry by posing	g historically valid questions to answer	T	,		
Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring	Summer 1	Summer 2	
AD900  *Find and analyse a wide range of evidence about the past;  *Use a range of evidence to offer some clear reasons for different interpretations of events, linking this to factual understanding about the past;  *Consider different ways of checking the accuracy of interpretations of the past;  *Start to understand the difference between primary and secondary evidence and the impact of this on reliability;  *Begin to evaluate the usefulness of different sources.	*Find and analyse a wide range of evidence about the past; *Use a range of evidence to offer some clear reasons for different interpretations of events, linking this to factual understanding about the past; *Consider different ways of checking the accuracy of interpretations of the past; *Start to understand the difference between primary and secondary evidence and the impact of this on reliability; *Begin to evaluate the usefulness of different sources.	MISSION TO MARS *Find and analyse a wide range of evidence about the past;	WEATHER & CLIMATE	GOING GLOBAL	
*Find and analyse a wide range of evidence about the past;  *Use a range of evidence to offer some clear reasons for different interpretations of events, linking this to factual understanding about the past;  *Consider different ways of checking the accuracy of interpretations of the past;  *Start to understand the difference between primary and secondary evidence and the impact of this onreliability;  *Show an awareness of the concept of propaganda;  *Know that people in the past represent events or ideas in a way that may be to		*Find and analyse a wide range of evidence about the past;  *Consider different ways of checking the accuracy of interpretations of the past;	WHAT A WONE	PERFUL WORLD	





	persuade others;		
	*Begin to evaluate the usefulness of different sources.		





Pupils should continue to develop a chronologically secure knowledge and understanding of British, local and world history, establishing clear narratives within and across the periods they study.

- a. sequence several events, artefacts or historical figures on a timeline using dates, including those that are sometimes further apart, and terms related to the unit being studied and passing of time;
- understand that a timeline can be divided into BC (Before Christ) and AD (Anno Domini).

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spi	ring	Summer	
Year 3	*Sequence several events, artefacts or historical figures on a timeline using dates, including those that are sometimes further apart, and terms related to the unit being studied and passing of time;  *Understand that a timeline can be divided into BC (Before Christ) and AD (Anno Domini).	DO YOU LIVE AROUND HERE?	*Sequence several events, artefacts or historical figures on a timeline using dates, including those that are sometimes further apart, and terms related to the unit being studied and passing of time;  *Understand that a timeline can be divided into BC (Before Christ) and AD (Anno Domini).		SAVING THE WORLD	
Year 4	*Sequence several events, artefacts or dates, including those that are sometin the unit being studied and passing of ti *Understand that a timeline can be div (Anno Domini).	nes further apart, and terms related to me;	*Sequence several events, artefacts or historical figures on a timeline using dates, including those that are sometimes further apart, and terms related to the unit being studied and passing of time;	EXPLORERS AND ADVENTURERS	*Sequence several events, artefacts or historical figures on a timeline using dates, including those that are sometimes further apart, and terms related to the unit being studied and passing of time;  *Understand that a timeline can be divided into BC (Before Christ) and AD (Anno Domini).	





Pupils should continue to develop a chronologically secure knowledge and understanding of British, local and world history, establishing clear narratives within and across the periods they study.

- a. order an increasing number of significant events, movements and dates on a timeline using dates accurately;
- b. accurately use dates and terms to describe historical events;
- c. understand and describe in some detail the main changes to an aspect in a period in history;
- d. understand how some historical events/periods occurred concurrently in different locations, e.g. Indus Valley and Ancient Egypt.

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring	Summer 1	Summer 2
Y e a r 5	*Order an increasing	*Order an increasing number of significant events, movements and dates on a timeline using dates accurately;  *Accurately use dates and terms to describe historical events;  *Understand and describe in some detail the main changes to an aspect in a period in history;  *Understand how some historical events/periods occurred concurrently in different locations, e.g. Indus Valley and Ancient Egypt.	MISSION TO MARS  *Accurately use dates and terms to describe historical events;	WEATHER & CLIMATE	GOING GLOBAL
Y e a r 6	*Order an increasing number of sign	accurately; describe historical events;	MYTHS AND LEGENDS	WHAT A WONI	DERFUL WORLD





Children should note connections, contrasts and trends over time.

- a. note key changes over a period of time and be able to give reasons for those changes;
- b. find out about the everyday lives of people in time studied compared with our life today;
- c. explain how people and events in the past have influenced life today;
- d. identify key features, aspects and events of the time studied;
- describe connections and contrasts between aspects of history, people, events and artefacts studied.

	T				1	
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spi	ring	Summer	
Year 3	*Note key changes over a period of time and be able to give reasons for those changes;  *Find out about the everyday lives of people in time studied compared with our life today;  *Identify key features, aspects and events of the time studied;  *Describe connections and contrasts between aspects and	*Note key changes over a period of time and be able to give reasons for those changes;	*Note key changes over a period of time and be able to give reasons for those changes;  *Find out about the everyday lives of people in time studied compared with our life today;  *Identify key features, aspects and events of the time studied;  *Describe connections and contrasts between aspects of history, people, events and artefacts studied.		*Note key changes over a period of time and be able to give reasons for those changes; *Explain how people and events in the past have influenced life today;	
Year 4	ACTIVE PLANET		CHOCOLATE	*Note key changes over a period of time and be able to give reasons for those changes;  *Find out about the everyday lives of people in time	*Note key changes over a period of time and be able to give reasons for those changes;  *Find out about the everyday lives of people in time studied compared with our life today;  *Identify key features, aspects and events of the time studied;  *Describe connections and contrasts between aspects of history, people, events and artefacts studied.	





	studied compared with our life today;	
	*Identify key features, aspects and events of the time studied;	
	*Describe connections and contrasts between aspects of history, people, events and artefacts studied.	

Pupils should note connections, contrasts and trends over time.

Children can:

- a. identify and note connections, contrasts and trends over time in the everyday lives of people;
- b. use appropriate historical terms such as culture, religious, social, economic and political when describing the past;
- c. examine causes and results of great events and the impact these had on people;
- d. describe the key features of the past, including attitudes, beliefs and the everyday lives of men, women and children.

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring	Summer 1	Summer 2	
Y e a r 5	Autumn 1  AD 900  *Identify and note connections, contrasts and trends over time in the everyday lives of people;  *Use appropriate historical terms such as culture, religious, social, economic and political when describing the past;  *Examine causes and results of great events and the impact these had on people;  *Describe the key features of	Autumn 2  THE GREAT THE BOLD AND THE BRAVE  *Identify and note connections, contrasts and trends over time in the everyday lives of people;  *Use appropriate historical terms such as culture, religious, social, economic and political when describing the past;  *Examine causes and results	MISSION TO MARS  *Examine causes and results of great events and the impact these had on people;	Summer 1 WEATHER & CLIMATE	Summer 2 GOING GLOBAL	

Knowledge and Understanding of Events, People and Changes in the Past





	the past, including attitudes, beliefs and the everyday lives of men, women and children.	of great events and the impact these had on people; *Describe the key features of the past, including attitudes, beliefs and the everyday lives of men, women and children.		
Υ	TIME T	UNNEL	MYTHS AND LEGENDS	WHAT A WONDERFUL WORLD
e a	identity and note connections, contrasts and trends over time in			
r 6	*Use appropriate historical terms economic and political when desc	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	*Examine causes and results of great events and the impact these had on people;			
	* Describe the key features of the and the everyday lives of men, wo			

Pupils should develop the appropriate use of historical terms.

### Children can:

- a use and understand appropriate historical vocabulary to communicate information such as ruled, reigned, empire, invasion, conquer, kingdoms;
- b present, communicate and organise ideas about the past using models, drama role play and different genres of writing including letters, recounts, poems, adverts, diaries, posters and guides;
- c start to present ideas based on their own research about a studied period.

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring	Summer
Year	FOOTPRINTS FROM THE	DO YOU LIVE AROUND	TEMPLES TOMBS AND TREASURES	SAVING THE WORLD
3	PAST	HERE?	*Use and understand appropriate historical vocabulary to communicate	
	*Present, communicate		information such as ruled, reigned, empire, invasion, conquer, kingdoms;	
	and organise ideas about		*Present, communicate and organise ideas about the past using models,	

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	the past using models, drama role play and different genres of writing including letters, recounts, poems, adverts, diaries, posters and guides; *Start to present ideas based on their own research about a studied period.	drama role play and different genres poems, adverts, diaries, posters and	of writing including letters, recounts, guides;	
Year 4	*Start to present ideas based on their own research about a studied period.	CHOCOLATE  *Start to present ideas based on their own research about a studied period.	*Use and understand appropriate historical vocabulary to communicate information such as ruled, reigned, empire, invasion, conquer, kingdoms;  *Present, communicate and organise ideas about the past using models, drama role play and different genres of writing including letters, recounts, poems, adverts, diaries, posters and guides;	*Use and understand appropriate historical vocabulary to communicate information such as ruled, reigned, empire, invasion, conquer, kingdoms;  *Present, communicate and organise ideas about the past using models, drama role play and different genres of writing including letters, recounts, poems, adverts, diaries, posters and guides;





Pupils should develop the appropriate use of historical terms.

### Children can:

- know and show a good understanding of historical vocabulary including abstract terms such as democracy, civilisation, social, political, economic, cultural, religious;
- b present, communicate and organise ideas about from the past using detailed discussions and debates and different genres of writing such as myths, instructions, accounts, diaries, letters, information/travel guides, posters, news reports;
- e plan and present a self-directed project or research about the studied period.

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring	Summer	
Y e a a r 5	*Know and show a good understanding of historical vocabulary including abstract terms such as democracy, civilisation, social, political, economic, cultural, religious; *Present, communicate and organise ideas about from the past using detailed discussions and debates and different genres of writing such as myths, instructions, accounts, diaries, letters, information/travel guides, posters, news reports;	THE GREAT THE BOLD AND THE BRAVE  *Know and show a good understanding of historical vocabulary including abstract terms such as democracy, civilisation, social, political, economic, cultural, religious; *Present, communicate and organise ideas about from the past using detailed discussions and debates and different genres of writing such as myths, instructions, accounts, diaries, letters, information/travel guides, posters, news reports;	*Present, communicate and organise ideas about from the past using detailed discussions and debates and different genres of writing such as myths, instructions, accounts, diaries, letters, information/travel guides, posters, news reports;	WEATHER & CLIMATE	GOING GLOBAL
Y e a r 6	*Know and show a good understanding of historical vocabulary including abstract terms such as democracy, civilisation, social, political, economic, cultural, religious;  * plan and present a self-directed project or research about the studied period.		*Present, communicate and organise ideas about from the past using detailed discussions and debates and different genres of writing such as myths, instructions, accounts, diaries, letters, information/travel guides, posters, news reports;	WHAT A WONDERFUL WORLD	

resenting Organising and Communicating